

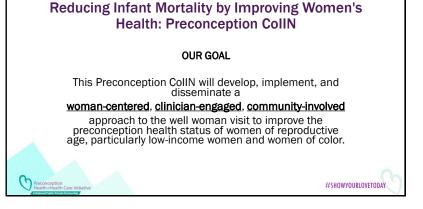


# **OBJECTIVES**

Participants will be able to:

- Identify multiple strategies for clinics to engage with patients and community organizations/partners
- Articulate practical strategies for true patient/consumer engagement, particularly at the clinic and/or health system level

#SHOWYOURLOVETODAY



# Community Based Programs - Clinic Partnerships

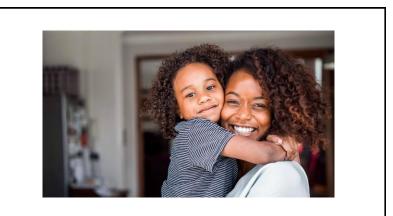
Brandi Collins-Calhoun Director of Maternal and Reproductive Health BCalhoun@ywcagsonc.org April 6th, 2018



#### Objectives

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- Webinar participants will be able to:
- Encourage patients and their communities to be involved in practical planning to improve programs and activities
- Eliminate barriers faced by community based programs, clinical preventive services and pertinent medical treatment to encourage healthy behaviors and effective preconception care
- Build and strengthen partnerships and relationships between clinical and community based networks and address the gaps in needed services



Involving Community Programming and Clinic Based Partners • Build a list of vital community programs that can be of service to your clients.

COMMUNITY	CLINICAL
Local Health Departments Non Profits Community Centers LBGTQ Centers Public Libraries Farmers Markets Faith Based Communities	Nurses Physicians Behavioral counselors Nutritionist Pharmacist Medical Schools

### Building Community and Clinical Resource List

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- Clinics and community programs should build a resource list of existing services and resources they are able to provide
- Organize a list of different services each clinic/agency can provide and include a description with key information
- Establish an official understanding of the scope and nature of the services that are being offered
- Partner with listed agencies to conduct community outreach

	Networking	Coordinating	Cooperating	Collaborating
Definition	Exchanging	Exchanging	Exchanging	Exchanging
1.525 1.947 9.02555	information	information for	information for	information for
	for mutual	mutual benefit,	mutual benefit,	mutual benefit,
	benefit	and altering	and altering	and altering
		activities to	activities and	activities and
		achieve a	sharing resources	sharing resources,
		common	to achieve a	and enhancing the
		purpose	common purpose	capacity of
				another to achieve
				a common
				purpose
Relationship	Informal	Formal	Formal	Formal
Characteristics	Minimal time	Moderate time	Substantial time	Extensive time
	commitments,	commitments,	commitments,	commitments,
	limited levels	moderate levels	high levels of	very high levels of
	of trust, and	of trust, and no	trust, and	trust and
	no necessity	necessity to	significant access	extensive areas of
	to share turf;	share turf;	to each other's	common turf
	information	making access to	turf; sharing of	enhancing each
	exchange is	services or	resources to	other's capacity to
	the primary	resources more	achieve a common	achieve a common
	focus	user-friendly is	purpose is the	purpose is the
		the primary focus	primary focus	primary focus
Resources	No mutual	No or minimal	Moderate to	Full sharing of
inclusive.	sharing of	mutual sharing	extensive mutual	resources, and full
	resources	of resources	sharing of	sharing of risks.
	necessary	necessary	resources and	responsibilities
	necessary	necessary	some sharing of	and rewards
	1		risks.	
	1		responsibilities	
	1		and rewards	

#### Barriers

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- Determine what barriers community based programs are experiencing with the populations your clinic serves and express what gaps you are finding in the care being provided at your practice
- Contact community agencies, programs and services to establish a referral process and resources for clients to be connected with
- Confirm what barriers the community programs might be experiencing
- Based on surveys, assessments and programming, gather feedback from the community program providers to assess their referral process and demands

REFERRAL SYSTEMS								
LEVEL OF RESOURCES	PROS	CONS	EXAMPLES					
More Resource Availability (often uses a formal process)	May have access to systems like an EHR that are already a natural part of a health care provider's workflow     can establish a new system if one does not exist     Provides flexibility in providing various types of referral resources to clients	<ul> <li>Modifying EHR may require substantial technical assistance or contractors each time a change is necessary or required to update an EHR can lengthy and referal programs or screening questions may change before the EHR update takes effect needed to be used on other taxis</li> </ul>	When resources are more available in the linkage, it can be easier to refer individuals to various programs based on electronic health records. For example, if a patient smokes and a physician documents that on the record, then a note could algorar when compiling discharge papers. This note could signal and remind the health facility that a smoking past-discharge.					
Minimal Resources (often uses an informal process)	Requires more innovation to develop referral programs with minimal resources Uses already established resources May take a more interpresnoal approach to referring individuals to programs	Outry require     substantial training of     clinical staff or place     burden on already     over-worked     employees to     implement     Difficult to track the     number of referrals or     other outcomes to     so     of referral programs	Minimal resource referral systems may rely on paper- based templates, such as health promotion flyers given to targeted paients or prescription pad referral programs a patient that smokes is given a flyer for a local health of pression class a sedentary patient is prescribed a YMCA exercise program					





# Community Feedback

How effective are the partnerships and updates?

- Survey the community needs, barriers, and resource access
- Reviews of the referral/resource system
- Involve both community agency and clinical partners' feedback of the system updates

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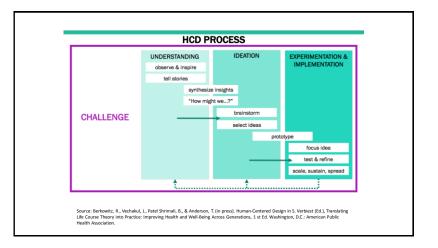




takes a whole orchestra to play it." – H.E. Luccock

Engaging Patients and Families in Improvement: The Who, What and How to Get You Started

Tara Bristol Rouse, MA Patient and Family Engagement Consultant Tara.Bristol@gmail.com







The Role of Patients and Family Members in Organizational Improvement

### Role of Patients and Family Members in Organizational Improvement

- Provide individual feedback or participate in discussion groups
- Revise or help create educational or informational materials for patients and families
- Assist with piloting or testing new materials
- Participate in information/data gathering
- Assist with education
- Serve on your Preconception CollN team

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The Role of the Staff Liaison in Engaging Patients and Families

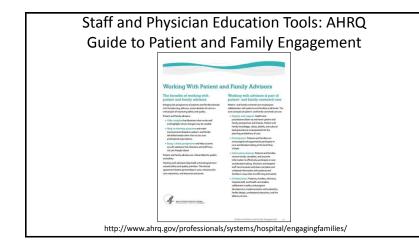
















Identifying and Recruiting Patient and Family Partners



